

Method for press molding thermoplastic resins

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Inventor: MASUI SHOHEI; TOGAWA YOSHIKI; OISHI KANEMITSU; MITSUI KIYOSHI; USUI NOBUHIRO; MATUBARA SHIGEYOSHI
Applicant: SUMITOMO CHEMICAL CO (JP)
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Abstract of EP0249939

A multi-layer molded article comprising a thermoplastic resin body having plurality of ribs and/or bosses on one side and a layer of a foam which is laminated on the side of the thermoplastic resin body having ribs and/or bosses is easily produced by a press molding method which comprises steps of supplying a foam between upper and lower halves of a mold, one of which has plurality of slits and/or holes corresponding to the ribs and/or bosses to be formed, supplying a quantity of a plasticized thermoplastic resin melt between the already supplied foam and the half of the mold not having any slit or hole, moving at least one half of the mold during supplying the thermoplastic resin or just after completion of supply of the thermoplastic resin to press mold the thermoplastic resin so that the plasticized thermoplastic resin breaks at least a part of areas of the foam on the slits and/or holes of the half of the mold to flow into the slits and/or holes and to form the ribs and/or bosses.

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Applicant: **SUMITOMO CHEMICAL COMPANY, LIMITED**
15 Kitahama 5-chome Higashi-ku
Osaka-shi Osaka 541(JP)

Inventor: **Masui, Shohei**
2-17-1, Saganakadai Kizu-cho
Soraku-gun Kyoto-fu(JP)
Inventor: **Togawa, Yoshiaki**
2-9-14-5, Ohharano-Nishisakaidani-cho
Nishikyo-ku
Kyoto-shi Kyoto-fu(JP)
Inventor: **Oishi, Kanemitsu**
248-30, Takashiro Shiga-cho
Shiga-gun Shiga-ken(JP)
Inventor: **Mitsui, Kiyoshi**
135, Iriyamazu
Ichihara-shi Chiba-ken(JP)
Inventor: **Usui, Nobuhiro**
1-9-1-501, Tamagawa
Takatsuki-shi Osaka-fu(JP)
Inventor: **Matubara, Shigeyoshi**
1-7-3, Zuikoh Higashiyodogawa-ku
Osaka-shi Osaka-fu(JP)

Representative: **Vossius & Partner**
Siebertstrasse 4 P.O. Box 86 07 67
D-8000 München 86(DE)

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(57) A multi-layer molded article comprising a thermoplastic resin body having plurality of ribs and/or bosses on one side and a layer of a foam which is laminated on the side of the thermoplastic resin body having ribs and/or bosses is easily produced by a press molding method which comprises steps of supplying a foam between upper and lower halves of a mold, one of which has plurality of slits and/or holes corresponding to the ribs and/or bosses to be formed, supplying a quantity of a plasticized thermo-

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METHOD FOR PRESS MOLDING THERMOPLASTIC RESINS

The present invention relates to a method for press molding a thermoplastic resin. More particularly, it relates to a method for producing a multi-layer molded article comprising a molded thermoplastic resin body having a plurality of ribs and/or bosses and a layer of a foam on the side of the molded thermoplastic resin body having the ribs and/or bosses. Such article is usually used as a heat insulator and the like.

Conventionally, a multi-layer molded article of Figs. 1 and 2 is produced by molding a thermoplastic resin body 1 having the ribs 2 and/or bosses 3 by, for example, injection molding and then supplying a foamable material such as urethane with a suitable tool followed by foaming of the material. However, such method requires the suitable tools, involves a plural number of steps and is expensive.

Instead of supplying foamable urethane, a foam body parts of which corresponding to the ribs and/or bosses are cut out may be laminated on the molded thermoplastic resin body. However, when the ribs and/or bosses have complicated shapes or patterns, processability is considerably deteriorated.

Another practically employed method comprises supplying a foam having a suitable shape in a mold and supplying a plasticized melt thermoplastic resin in the mold to integrate the foam with the thermoplastic resin body. Although it is possible to shape an article of the thermoplastic resin having a layer of the foam by supplying the foam parts of which corresponding to the ribs and/or bosses are cut out when the foam is laminated on the side of the thermoplastic resin body having the ribs and/or bosses. However, this method still has some disadvantages such that the resin material protrudes on the opposite side at the cut out parts.

One object of the present invention is to provide a novel method for producing a multi-layer molded article comprising a thermoplastic resin body and a foam layer by press molding, which method can overcome the disadvantages of the conventional methods.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a method for producing a multi-layer molded article comprising a thermoplastic resin body have a plurality of ribs and/or bosses and a foam layer which is laminated on the side of the thermoplastic resin body having the ribs and/or bosses by press molding.

These and other objects of the present invention are achieved by a method for producing a multi-layer molded article comprising a thermoplastic resin body have a plurality of ribs and/or bosses on one side and a layer of a foam which is lami-

nated on the side of the thermoplastic resin body having the ribs and/or bosses by press molding, which method comprises the steps of supplying a foam between upper and lower halves of a mold, one of which has a plurality of slits and/or holes corresponding to the ribs and/or bosses to be formed,

supplying a quantity of a plasticized thermoplastic resin melt between the already supplied foam and the half of the mold not having any slit or hole, moving at least one half of the mold during supplying the thermoplastic resin or just after completion of supply of the thermoplastic resin to press mold the thermoplastic resin so that the plasticized thermoplastic resin breaks at least a part of areas of the foam on the slits and/or holes of the half of the mold to flow into the slits and/or holes and to form the ribs and/or bosses.

Fig. 1 is a perspective view of one embodiment of a multi-layer molded article produced by the method of the present invention,

Fig. 2 is a cross section of the multi-layer molded article of Fig. 1 along the line A-A',

Figs. 3 to 5 show steps of the method of the present invention,

Fig. 6 is a cross section of another embodiment of a multi-layer molded article produced by the method of the present invention,

Fig. 7 is a cross section of an article consisting of a pair of the articles of Fig. 6,

Fig. 8 is a plan of a further embodiment of a multilayer molded article produced by the method of the present invention, and

Fig. 8 is a cross section of the multi-layer molded article of Fig. 7 along the line B-B'.

One embodiment of the multi-layer molded article produced by the method of the present invention shown in Figs. 1 and 2 consists of a thermoplastic resin body 1 having ribs 2, a boss 3 and a layer of the foam 4.

Figs. 3 to 5 illustrate steps of the method of the present invention, wherein a mold consists of an upper half 5 attached to an upper platen of a press (not shown) and a lower half 6 attached to a lower platen of the press (not shown).

The lower half 6 of the mold has slits 7 for forming the ribs and/or holes (not shown) for forming the bosses.

The upper half 5 of the mold has feed passage 8 through which the resin melt is supplied from a resin supplier (not shown) connected to an opening 9 of the passage to a cavity defined by the upper and lower halves of the mold.

At a feed opening 10 of the passage 8, a valve (not shown) which opens when the melt resin is supplied and closes when the melt resin is not supplied may be provided.

For supplying the resin melt, there may be used a supplying die of a rod or sheet shape or a multi-tip die, the tips(s) of which is placed in the cavity defined by the upper and lower halves of the mold in the step for supplying the resin melt and removed from the cavity in the step wherein the resin melt is not supplied.

The molding steps of the present invention will be explained. As shown in Fig. 3, firstly a sheet of the foam 4 is placed on the upper surface of the lower half of the mold having the slits and/or holes. The foam may be polyurethane foam, polyvinyl chloride foam, polyethylene foam, polypropylene foam, rubber sponge and the like. The layer of the foam may be laminated with a sheet of paper or non-woven fabric or a film of a thermoplastic resin which may be the same as or different from the thermoplastic resin to be molded.

The sheet of the foam is placed directly on the upper surface of the lower half of the mold, or supported by a suitable supporting member. Then, the upper and lower halves of the mold are moved to suitable positions with each other at which they are not completely closed as shown in Fig. 4, and the plasticized melt resin 11 is supplied from the feed opening 10 through the passage 8 in a cavity defined by the upper half of the mold and the sheet of the foam. During the resin melt is being supplied or just after the resin supply is completed, the halves 5 and 6 of the mold are moved further in close to each other to press the melt resin by them.

As the upper and lower mold halves are moved in close to each other and being closed, the foam 4 is pressed and not only the resin melt 11 spreads towards the periphery of the mold but also it breaks through at least a part of the areas of the foam positioned on the slits and/or holes and fills them. Thereby, the molded article comprising the thermoplastic body having ribs and/or bosses and the layer of the foam on the side of the resin body having the ribs and/or bosses is produced.

To break the sheet of the foam in all the areas positioned on the slits and/or holes of the lower half of the mold to fill them with the resin melt, the filling rate of the melt resin in the slits and/or holes should not be larger than that in parts of a top plate of the resin at which the ribs and/or bosses are connected therewith. This can be achieved by narrowing the width of the rib or boss, or providing a notch to the rib or boss. If the former rate is larger than the latter rate at one part, a part of the sheet of the foam is not broken by the melt resin so that the top plate of the resin and the rib or boss are

separated from each other at that part. Such partial separation of the top plate of the resin and the rib and/or boss is not harmful to the multi-layer molded article since other parts of the ribs and/or bosses are connected with the top plate of the resin.

When the press molding of the thermoplastic resin is completed, the sheet of the foam is in a pressed state 4' as shown in Fig. 5. Once the upper and lower halves of the mold are separated from each other and pressure is reduced, the foam recovers and tends to return to its expanded state having a thickness according to its compression-recover characteristics.

In the above described embodiment, the lower half of the mold has the slits and/or holes and the upper half of the mold has the feed passage through which the resin melt is supplied. Alternatively, the upper half of the mold may have the slits and/or holes, and the lower half of the mold may have the feed passage through which the resin melt is supplied.

When the sheet of the foam has an original thickness which is substantially the same as the ratio of the depth of the slit to the compression-recover ratio of the foam under the molding conditions, a multi-layer article comprising the sheet of the foam having a thickness which is substantially the same as the depth of the rib as shown in Fig. 6 is obtained.

Herein, "compression-recover ratio" of the foam is intended to mean the ratio of the thickness of the foam layer of the produced article to that of the sheet of the foam before being press molded.

When a pair of the multi-layer molded article as shown in Fig. 6 in which the thickness of the foam layer is substantially the same as the depth of the rib are bonded by heat plate welding, a panel shape article as shown in Fig. 7 in which the interior of the thermoplastic resin body is filled with the foam can be produced. To obtain a panel shape article, the multi-layer molded article of Fig. 6 may be bonded to any article having any shape or made of any material insofar as the latter can be bonded with the multi-layer molded article by heat plate welding, ultrasonic welding, or with an adhesive.

The molding conditions such as resin temperature and mold temperature may be substantially the same as those employed in the conventional injection molding. The molding pressure is about one third of the injection molding pressure or less.

Practically and presently preferred embodiments of the present invention will be illustrated by following examples.

Example 1

A multi-layer molded article as shown in Figs. 1 and 2 of 600 mm in length, 300 mm in width and 16.5 mm in height which had lattice form ribs each of 15 mm in height and 1.2 mm in thickness and layer of polyurethane foam of 12.5 mm in thickness bonded on the side having the ribs was produced as follows:

On a lower half of a mold having slits for forming the ribs kept at 50°C, a sheet of polyurethane foam (expansion ratio of 30) of 580 mm length, 280 mm in width and 30 mm in thickness was placed. After closing the upper and lower halves of the mold till a clearance of the cavity between them reached 40 mm with heating the upper half of the mold at 70°C, polypropylene melt (Melt Index: 15 gm/10 min. according to ASTM D1238-62T) was supplied on the polyurethane foam sheet from the feed passage in the upper half of the mold with keeping the melt at 220 °C. Just after the supply of the polypropylene melt was completed, the upper and lower halves of the mold were again moved to close and mold the resin under pressure of 55 kg/cm² to produce the multi-layer molded article.

Example 2

A multi-layer molded article as shown in Figs. 8 and 9 of 300 mm in length, 300 mm in width and 5.5 mm in height which had honeycomb form ribs each of 4 mm in height and 3 mm in thickness and a layer of polypropylene foam of about 3 mm in thickness bonded on the side having the ribs was produced as follows.

On a lower half of a mold having no slit for forming the ribs kept at 50°C, a sheet of polypropylene foam (expansion ratio of 15) of 290 mm length, 290 mm in width and 5 mm in thickness was placed. In this example, an upper half of the mold had slits for forming the ribs. After closing the upper and lower halves of the mold till a clearance of the cavity between them reached 10 mm with heating the upper half of the mold at 30°C, polypropylene melt (melt index: 3.0 gm/10 min. according to ASTM D1238-62T) was supplied from the feed passage in the lower half of the mold with keeping the melt at 260 °C. Just after the supply of the polypropylene melt was completed, the upper and lower halves of the mold were again moved to close and mold the polypropylene resin under pressure of 100 kg/cm² to produce the multi-layer molded article.

Claims

1. A method for producing a multi-layer molded article comprising a thermoplastic resin body having a plurality of ribs and/or bosses on one side and a layer of a foam which is laminated on the side of the thermoplastic resin body having the ribs and/or bosses by press molding, which method comprises the steps of

supplying a sheet of a foam between upper and lower halves of a mold, one of which has a plurality of slits and/or holes corresponding to the ribs and/or bosses to be formed,

supplying a quantity of a plasticized thermoplastic resin melt between the already supplied foam and the half of the mold not having any slit or hole, moving at least one half of the mold during supplying the thermoplastic resin or just after completion of supply of the thermoplastic resin to press mold the thermoplastic resin so that the plasticized thermoplastic resin breaks at least a part of areas of the foam on the slits and/or holes of the half of the mold to flow into the slits and/or holes and to form the ribs and/or bosses.

2. The method according to claim 1, wherein the sheet of the foam has an original thickness which is substantially the same as the ratio of the depth of the slit to the compression-recover ratio of the foam under the molding conditions which compression-recover ratio means the ratio of the thickness of the foam of the produced article to that of the sheet of the foam before being press molded.

3. The method according to claim 1, wherein the half of the mold having the slits and/or holes is the lower half of the mold, and the upper half of the mold has a feed passage through which the resin melt is supplied.

4. The method according to claim 1, wherein the half of the mold having the slits and/or holes is the upper half of the mold, and the lower half of the mold has a feed passage through which the resin melt is supplied.

5. An apparatus for producing a multi-layer molded article comprising a thermoplastic resin body having a plurality of ribs and/or bosses on one side and a layer of a foam which is laminated on the side of the thermoplastic resin body having the ribs and/or bosses by press molding, which apparatus comprises a mold consisting of one half (5) attached to one platen of a press and another half (6) attached to the other platen of the press wherein one of the halves (5) or (6) of the mold has slits (7) for forming the ribs and/or holes for forming the bosses and the other half of the mold has a feed passage (8) through which the resin melt is supplied.

Fig. 1

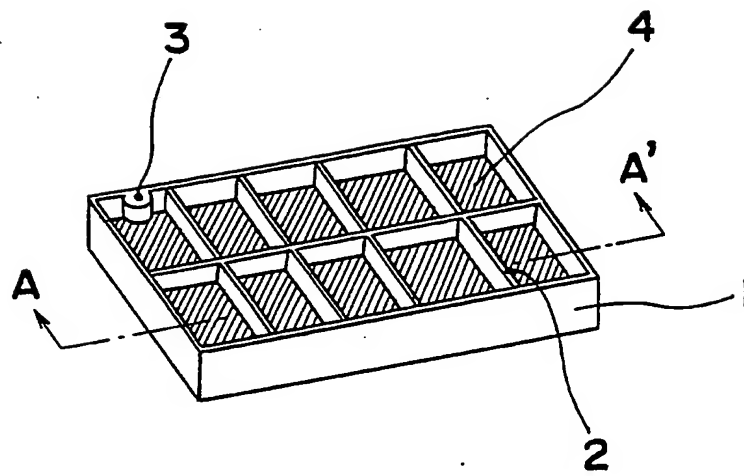


Fig. 2

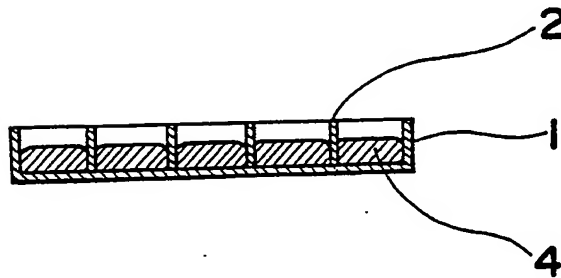


Fig. 3

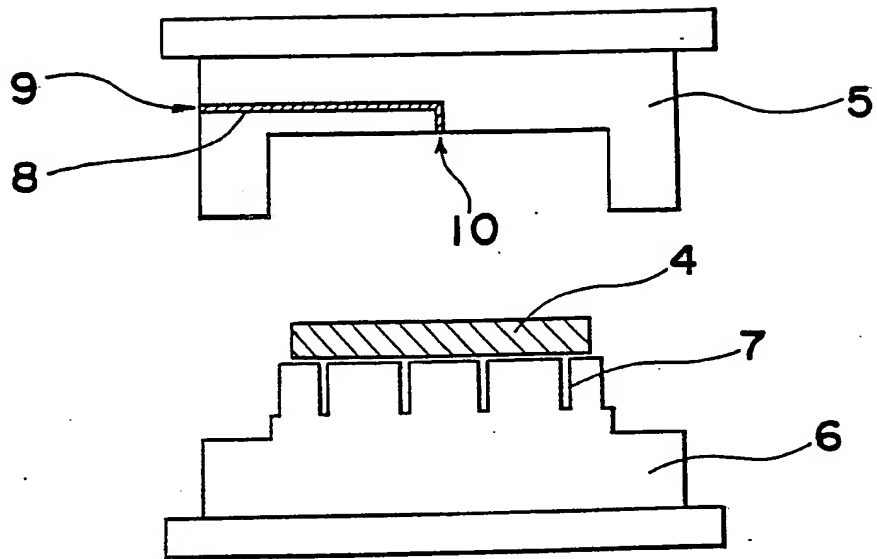


Fig. 4

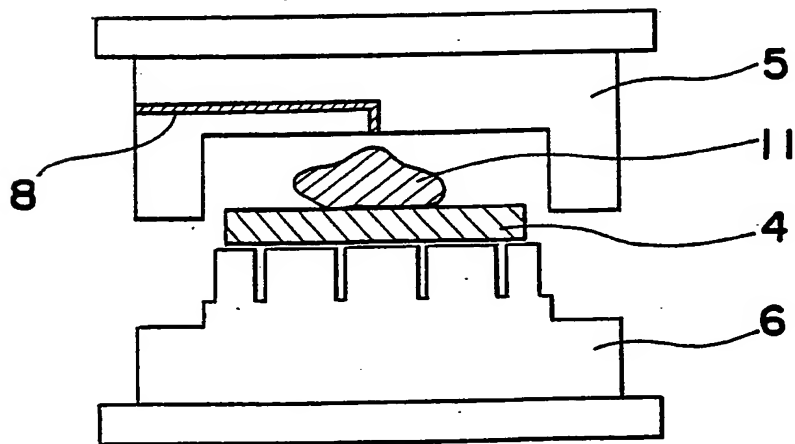


Fig. 5

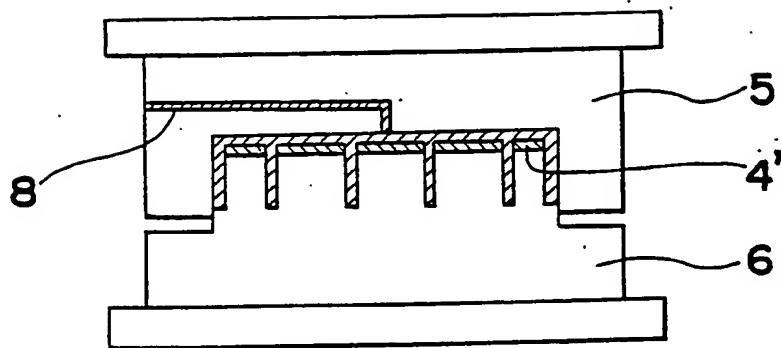


Fig. 6

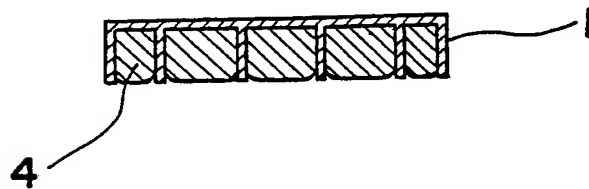


Fig. 7

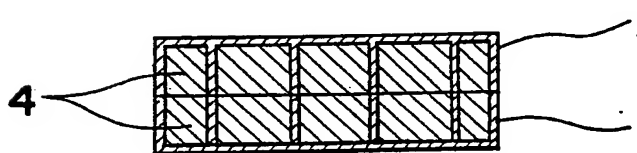


Fig. 8

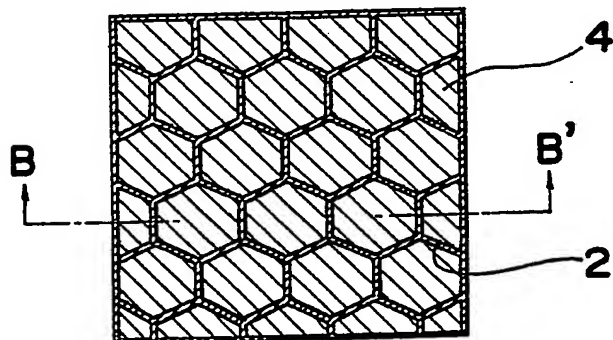
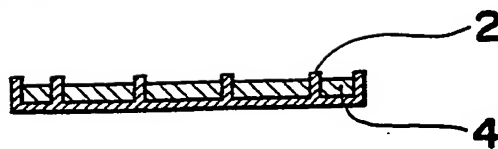


Fig. 9



(19)



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(71) Applicant: **SUMITOMO CHEMICAL COMPANY,
LIMITED**
15 Kitahama 5-chome Higashi-ku
Osaka-shi Osaka 541(JP)

(72) Inventor: **Masui, Shohei**
2-17-1, Saganakadal Kizu-cho
Soraku-gun Kyoto-fu(JP)
Inventor: **Togawa, Yoshiaki**
2-9-14-5, Ohharano-Nishisakaldani-cho
Nishikyo-ku
Kyoto-shi Kyoto-fu(JP)
Inventor: **Oishi, Kanemitsu**
248-30, Takashiro Shiga-cho
Shiga-gun Shiga-ken(JP)
Inventor: **Mitsui, Kiyoshi**
135, Iriyamazu
Ichihara-shi Chiba-ken(JP)
Inventor: **Usui, Nobuhiro**
1-9-1-501, Tamagawa
Takatsuki-shi Osaka-fu(JP)
Inventor: **Matubara, Shigeyoshi**
1-7-3, Zuikoh Higashiyodogawa-ku
Osaka-shi Osaka-fu(JP)

(74) Representative: **Vossius & Partner**
Siebertstrasse 4 P.O. Box 86 07 67
D-8000 München 86(DE)

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Family list**9** family members for:**EP0249939**

Derived from 5 applications.

- 1 METHOD FOR PRESS MOLDING THERMOPLASTIC RESINS**
Publication info: **CA1288918 C** - 1991-09-17
- 2 Method for press molding thermoplastic resins**
Publication info: **DE3778216D D1** - 1992-05-21
- 3 Method for press molding thermoplastic resins**
Publication info: **EP0249939 A2** - 1987-12-23
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- 4 PRESSING OF THERMOPLASTIC RESIN**
Publication info: **JP1887317C C** - 1994-11-22
JP6011500B B - 1994-02-16
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- 5 Method for press molding thermoplastic resins**
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